



SHOP TILL YOU DROP

GIVE IT A TRY

Listen and number. MP3 / 19



a pair of + N.

- a pair of earrings
- a pair of jeans
- a pair of pants
- a pair of sunglasses

SALE
30% OFF
LIVE SHOP



1 dress [drɛs] *n.*

15 pants [pænts] *n.*

10 shirt [ʃɪt] *n.*

6 coat [kɒt] *n.*

11 jacket [ˈdʒækɪt] *n.*

13 jeans [dʒiːnz] *n.*

14 swimsuit [ˈswɪmsʊt] *n.*

5 sunglasses [ˈsʌŋ.ɡlæsɪz] *n.*

7 tank top [tæŋk] [tɒp] *n.*

8 earrings [ˈɪr.rɪŋz] *n.*

3 necklace [ˈnekliːs] *n.*

2 sweater [ˈswetə] *n.*

12 scarf [skɑːf] *n.*

4 miniskirt [ˈmɪnɪ.skɜːt] *n.*

9 uniform [ˈjʊnə.fɔːm] *n.*

UNIT
3

SPEAK UP

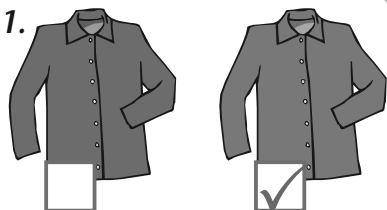
Answer the questions.

1. Why do you go shopping?
2. How often do you go shopping?
3. What do you buy the most often?
4. How much do you spend when you go shopping?
5. What is the best way for you to buy what you want?

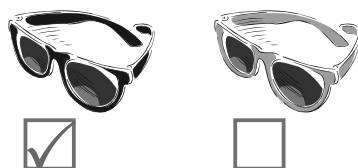


A Listen to the three short conversations. Check the correct picture. MP3 / 20

1.



2.



3.



B Listen and complete the conversation. MP3 / 21



What would you like
just like everything else

How much does this shirt cost
mean to

What about
Even

Everything NT\$100

William and Yvonne are at a **flea market**¹, looking at clothes.
They are **interested in**² the EVERYTHING NT\$100! boxes.

FMS = Flea Market Salesperson

William: Excuse me. How much does
this shirt cost?

FMS: It costs NT\$100.

Yvonne: And how much does this miniskirt
cost?

FMS: That's also NT\$100. Everything in
this **section**³ is NT\$100.

William: What about these
pants? How much do they cost?

FMS: Sir, they're NT\$100. Look! The sign
says "Everything NT\$100."

Yvonne: Even this jacket?

FMS: Yes. It's in the NT\$100 section.

So, just like everything else
in that section, it's NT\$100.

William: So how much is this tank top?

FMS: It's NT\$100! Everything in that
box costs NT\$100! The scarf costs
NT\$100! The dress costs NT\$100!
They're all NT\$100!

Yvonne: I'm sorry. I didn't mean to
make you angry.

William: Yeah. I'm sorry, too. To **make it up**
to⁴ you, I think we'll buy
something.

FMS: Great. What would you like?



William: Well, I can't spend too much. Do
you have anything for NT\$100?



Language Notes

1. flea market [fli] [ˈmarkɪt] *n.*
The items sold at a flea market are cheap.
2. interested in . . . *phr.*
Pamela is interested in pretty clothes.

- * 3. section [ˈseɪʃən] *n.*
The swimsuits are next to the underwear section.
 4. make it up to + sb. *phr.*
I'm sorry. I'll make it up to you.
- * Represents GEPT elementary vocabulary

 Listen and check the correct answer.  MP3 / 22

UNIT
3

1. ☒ a. A shirt ☐ b. A miniskirt
☐ c. Some pants
2. ☒ a. NT\$100 ☐ b. NT\$200
☐ c. NT\$300
3. ☐ a. He shows them the price tags.
☐ b. He writes it down for them.
☒ c. He shows them the sign.
4. ☒ a. The jacket is in the NT\$100 section.
☐ b. Everything at the flea market is NT\$100.
☐ c. The tag on the jacket shows that it's NT\$100.
5. ☐ a. A coat ☐ b. A sweater
☒ c. A tank top
6. ☒ a. The jeans ☐ b. The scarf
☐ c. The dress
7. ☐ a. They feel angry. ☒ b. They feel sorry.
☐ c. They feel better.
8. ☒ a. NT\$100 ☐ b. NT\$500
☐ c. NT\$1,000



COST / SPEND / TAKE

Money

sth. + cost (+ sb.) + money

The train ticket **costs** NT\$200.

Three shirts only **cost** NT\$500.

The pair of jeans **cost** me NT\$2,500.

*sb. + spend + money + { on sth.
V-ing*

I **spend** NT\$3,000 on my clothes each month.

She **spends** NT\$60 on the MRT every day.

We only **spent** NT\$200 eating at the night market yesterday.

If we are talking about **how much something costs after we have bought it** or **how much we have spent on something**, we use the past tense.

Time

It + take (+ sb.) + time + to V.

It **takes** me an hour to get to work every morning.

It **took** him 20 minutes to walk to the MRT station.

*sb. + spend + time + { on sth.
V-ing*

We **spent** a whole month on the new project.

He **spends** two hours playing online games every day.

They **spent** two hours studying last night.

How Much

We use "how much" to ask somebody what something costs.

How much **is** that coat?

How much **are** these tank tops?

How much **does** that necklace **cost**?

How much **do** those pants **cost**?

How much **did** you **spend** on this dress?

How Long = How Much Time

We use "how long" to ask about particular amounts of time. It's the same as "how much time."

How long **is** the film?

How long **does** it **take** you to get home?

How long **do** you **spend** eating dinner?

How long **did** they **spend** doing the project?

How much time **did** he **spend** surfing the Internet last night?

A Circle the correct answer.

- ① My new jacket (spent / cost / took) me NT\$3,000.
- ② I (spent / cost / took) NT\$3,000 on my new jacket.
- ③ I (spent / cost / took) two hours looking for a new jacket.
- ④ It (spent / cost / took) me two hours to find the jacket I wanted.
- ⑤ My mom thinks I (spend / cost / take) too much time and money shopping for clothes, but I don't agree.

B Fill in the blanks.

A: What did you do last night?

B: I went (go) shopping with Sally.

A: How long did you spend
(spend) shopping?

B: About three hours.

A: What did you buy (buy)?

B: I bought a pair of jeans, a shirt, a necklace, and a miniskirt.

A: Wow! That's a lot! How much did they cost (cost)?

B: They cost NT\$1,500.

A: That's not so expensive.

C Write questions or answers.

- ① How much is this swimsuit?

This swimsuit is NT\$600.

- ② How much does this pair of earrings cost? (NT\$300)

It costs NT\$300.

- ③ How much did you spend on this sweater?

I spent NT\$1,000 on this sweater.

- ④ How much time did you spend on your homework? (Answers will vary.)

I spent two hours on my homework.

- ⑤ How long does it take you to get to school? (Answers will vary.)

It takes me fifteen minutes to get to school.



LISTENING TEST

I 聽力測驗：看圖辨義 MP3 / 23
請聽題目及三個選項，選出與圖案最相符的答案。

1. ☐ A
☐ B
☒ C



3. ☐ A
☒ B
☐ C



2. ☒ A
☐ B
☐ C



4. ☒ A
☐ B
☐ C



II 聽力測驗：問答 MP3 / 24
請聽問題，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1. B Ⓐ Can I have a discount? Ⓑ What a good deal!
 Ⓒ It's not on the table, huh?
2. C Ⓐ I'd better take off my jacket.
 Ⓑ I'd better try on a jacket.
 Ⓒ I'd better put on a jacket.
3. B Ⓐ They've got a size 32 waist. Ⓑ They're now NT\$1,180.
 Ⓒ We still have a few left.
4. A Ⓐ They're next to the baby section.
 Ⓑ We have some new shoes.
 Ⓒ They are returned.
5. C Ⓐ He lives in Miami. Ⓑ He is 38 years old. Ⓒ He's a teacher.
6. A Ⓐ Two hours Ⓑ 200 dollars Ⓒ Large things



聽力測驗：簡短對話 MP3/25








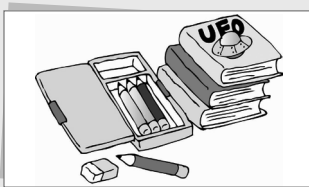
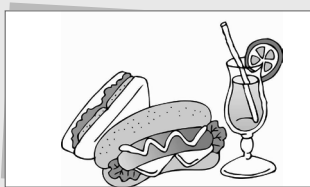
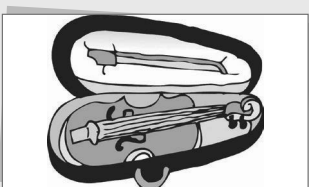
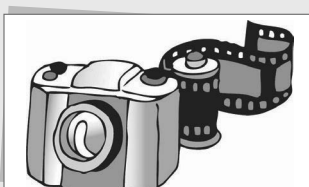
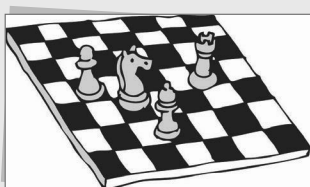
請聽一段對話和一個相關的問題後，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1. B A To feed all of his dogs B To get a better price C To get a whole box
2. C A Sweaters are in. B He's very silly. C Purple is in style.
3. B A The necklace is very ugly. B The necklace is too costly.
C The necklace looks crazy.
4. C A She wants to buy some cheap stuff.
B She wants to get rid of some junk.
C She wants to see a boy she likes.
5. B A About a half hour B Until the middle of the night
C Until around noon
6. A A If there's a discount on any of the computers
B If the store has any specially-made computers
C If he can possibly get a job at the computer store



聽力測驗：短文聽解 MP3/26

每題有三個圖片選項，請聽題目，並選出一個最適當的圖片。

1. ☐ A  ☐ B  ☒ C 
2. ☒ A  ☐ B  ☐ C 
3. ☒ A  ☐ B  ☐ C 
4. ☐ A  ☒ B  ☐ C 



READING COMPREHENSION

- A** Have you ever bought anything online? If so, check for the things that you've bought. Put an **X** for anything that you have not bought.

Clothes	Shoes	Computers	Scooters	Cell Phones	Cameras	Food	Accessories (earrings, necklaces, etc.)
			(Answers will vary.)				

- B** Read the following article. What are the advantages to online shopping? Look at the chart and write **O** if you agree. **MP3 / 27** (Answers will vary.)

It's cheaper.	It's convenient.	It's a time-saver.	There's more variety.

Online Shopping Catches On

As technology gets better, more and more people are connecting to the Internet to shop online. Shopping online is usually quicker and often costs
5 less money. People value their time and money, so it's not surprising that customers are changing their ways.

One popular kind of shopping site is the Internet **auction**¹. Here, people can
10 buy and sell almost anything, including clothes and **accessories**², like jeans, shirts, pants, earrings, and necklaces. There are even cars, books, computers, and homes for sale. At first, these sites
15 were used by people hoping to sell off unwanted items. Now, those same sellers

have become businesspeople. They use Internet auctions to **make a living**³. Some of them are growing rich from
20 their online stores.

Internet auctions are very popular among university students. As well as using the sites for **bargain hunting**⁴, some run their own online **retail**⁵ or
25 **wholesale**⁶ businesses after class.

Art students use Internet auctions as a way to present their own work to the public and view the
30 latest **trends**⁷ in the field.

Everyone can **benefit from**⁸ online shopping!



Language Notes

1. **auction** [ˈɔːkʃən] *n.*
Melody loves to buy clothing on Internet auction sites.
2. **accessory** [ækˈsesəri] *n.*
I like to buy fashion accessories like bags and earrings that match my clothes.
3. **make a living** *phr.*
Terry makes a living writing for four different newspapers.
4. **bargain hunting** *phr.*
My website is all about bargain hunting. It covers the cheapest stores in Taiwan's major cities.
5. **retail** [ˈritel] *adj.*
This is the retail price. If you go to another store, you'll see it's the same.
6. **wholesale** [ˈholˌsel] *adj.*
For the next week, we're going to be offering food at wholesale prices.
7. **trend** [trɛnd] *n.*
The current trend is toward hiring younger, cheaper employees.
8. **benefit from . . .** *phr.*
I feel that I have benefited from my parents' wisdom.

C Check the correct answer.

1. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a reason for online shopping becoming more popular?
☐ a. Technology is really improving. ☐ b. Online shopping is cheaper.
☒ c. The Japanese are running it. ☐ d. Online shopping is faster.
2. Who is Internet shopping suitable for?
☐ a. Senior citizens ☐ b. Hunters
☐ c. Teachers ☒ d. Everyone
3. What do businesspeople use Internet auctions for?
☐ a. To meet people ☒ b. To earn money
☐ c. To buy things ☐ d. To pay money
4. What were Internet auction sites first used for?
☒ a. To sell secondhand items ☐ b. To sell clothes and accessories
☐ c. To buy and sell currency ☐ d. To sell CDs and comic books
5. What is another suitable title for this article?
☐ a. Businesspeople Moving to the US ☐ b. Students and the Internet
☐ c. Art Students Everywhere ☒ d. Online Shopping Takes Off



Pebblebrook Department Store

Father's Day specials this week only!
Come while the great prices last!

Day	Department	Offer
Monday	Footwear	20% off all running shoes
Tuesday	Men's Suits	25% off all shirts and ties
Wednesday	Swimsuits	10% off selected items
Thursday	Bags	20% off all backpacks
Friday	General	Spend \$200 and get a free wallet

Get Dad something that shows how much you love him.
Come into the Pebblebrook Department Store and save!



Check the correct answer.

- What's the best day to buy Dad something he can wear to the office?
☐ a. Friday ☒ b. Tuesday
☐ c. Wednesday ☐ d. Thursday
- How long are the specials going to last?
☐ a. For the next month ☒ b. For five days
☐ c. Until the end of the week ☐ d. Until Father's day
- What will they give you on Friday if you spend \$200?
☐ a. A shirt and a tie ☐ b. A pair of shoes
☒ c. A free wallet ☐ d. A dress and a skirt
- If the original price of a swimsuit is \$1,500, how much does it cost after a discount on Wednesday?
☒ a. \$1,350 ☐ b. \$1,200
☐ c. \$1,125 ☐ d. \$1,490
- How much does a \$400 tie cost on Tuesday?
☐ a. \$425 ☐ b. \$400
☐ c. \$375 ☒ d. \$300



I 閱讀能力測驗：詞彙與結構

請依照題意選出最適合的答案。

C 1. I promise that I'll make it _____ to you.

- Ⓐ down Ⓑ for
Ⓒ up Ⓓ around

A 2. Rick is the guy standing over there, wearing the blue tank _____.

- Ⓐ top Ⓑ shirt
Ⓒ T-shirt Ⓓ coat

C 3. If you're interested in bargain _____, I know the perfect place for you.

- Ⓐ hunter Ⓑ to hunt
Ⓒ hunting Ⓓ hunted

C 4. Are you interested _____ art, Claude?

- Ⓐ for Ⓑ at
Ⓒ in Ⓓ about

A 5. Frank bought his bed online at a(n) _____ site.

- Ⓐ auction Ⓑ accessory
Ⓒ blog Ⓓ social network

B 6. Archie needs to buy _____ black pants to wear to the party.

- Ⓐ pair of Ⓑ a pair of
Ⓒ a pair Ⓓ pair

D 7. The airplane ticket to Los Angeles _____ NT\$26,000.

- Ⓐ spent Ⓑ sold
Ⓒ purchased Ⓓ cost

B 8. Marcus really benefited _____ a week in the country.

- Ⓐ for Ⓑ from
Ⓒ to Ⓓ over

II 閱讀能力測驗：克漏字填空

請從四個選項中選出一個最適合的字詞填入空格中。

Melissa ① shopping at flea markets. She usually can find clothes for under US\$2. Sometimes, she can find something like an old, beautiful ② from the 1920s for only a single dollar. She loves old, vintage clothing.

Melissa is also good at ③ her clothes. She has a good eye for what can be resold.

She never has ④ clothes in her ⑤ ! She goes ⑥ three times a week. Her father says to her, "You should start looking for a job now because I don't have enough money for you!"

A 1. Ⓐ loves Ⓑ loving
 Ⓒ loved Ⓓ has loved

A 4. Ⓐ enough Ⓑ total
 Ⓒ less Ⓓ exactly

C 2. Ⓐ dresses Ⓑ necklace
 Ⓒ dress Ⓓ earring

B 5. Ⓐ bed Ⓑ closet
 Ⓒ desk Ⓓ drawer

A 3. Ⓐ selling Ⓑ sell
 Ⓒ sold Ⓓ sale

C 6. Ⓐ shop Ⓑ shops
 Ⓒ shopping Ⓓ shopped



閱讀能力測驗：閱讀理解
請依照文意選出最適合的答案。

As technology improves, people are gradually catching on to shopping online. Shopping online is now seen as simpler, faster and cheaper than shopping on the street. One of the most popular kinds of shopping sites is the Internet auction. People can both buy and sell things online, including clothing and accessories, but that's not all. We can now purchase cars, books, computers, and houses on such sites. One old man even bought an airplane online. In the early days, these sites were frequented by housewives hoping to get rid of unwanted items. A lot has changed since then.

Internet auctions are most often used by university students. They take advantage of the auctions to pick up discounted items. Some also run their own online retail and wholesale businesses. A few students have even started their own Internet auction businesses.

- C 1. According to the article, what is one factor causing more and more people to shop online?
- Ⓐ Too much unwanted stuff Ⓑ More university students
Ⓒ Progress in technology Ⓓ A lack of accessories
- C 2. The writer says people like online auctions for all of the following reasons except because they are _____.
- Ⓐ easier Ⓑ less expensive
Ⓒ more fun Ⓓ quicker
- B 3. According to the article, what is the most incredible thing bought online?
- Ⓐ Accessories Ⓑ A plane
Ⓒ An old man Ⓓ A house
- C 4. In the past, why did people often use online shopping sites?
- Ⓐ To buy things wholesale Ⓑ To buy things
Ⓒ To clear out things Ⓓ To start a business
- D 5. Which group of people often use Internet auctions?
- Ⓐ The elderly Ⓑ Children
Ⓒ Workers Ⓓ University students



寫作能力測驗：單句寫作

A 句子改寫

請依題目之提示，將原句改寫成指定型式，並將改寫的句子完整地寫出。

1. This jacket cost me \$700. (用spend改寫)

I spent \$700 on this jacket.

2. How long does Sara spend watching TV? (用take改寫)

How long does it take Sara to watch TV?

3. You are so kind to give me a hand.

It is so kind of you to give me a hand.

4. I'm not accustomed to the cold weather. (用be used to)

I'm not used to the cold weather.

B 句子合併

請依照題目指示，將兩句合併成一句，並將合併的句子完整地寫出。

1. My brother bought a car.

The car was \$1,500. (用cost合併)

The car cost my brother \$1,500.

2. We started doing our homework at 2 p.m.

We finished our homework at 4 p.m. (用spend合併)

We spent two hours doing our homework.

3. The movie is at two-fifty in the afternoon.

We want to see the movie on Sunday.

We want to see the movie at two-fifty on Sunday afternoon.

C 重組

請將題目中所有提示字詞整合成一句有意義的句子，並將重組的句子完整地寫出。

1. We should stay away from dangerous places.

from / should / places / We / away / dangerous / stay

2. How much do you spend on snacks every week?

spend / week / snacks / you / on / How / do / every / much

3. It takes Zoe two hours to finish her dinner every day.

dinner / hours / day / Zoe / It / her / to / every / two / takes / finish

4. Tina is good at both basketball and volleyball.

both / Tina / good / volleyball / at / basketball and / is

5. Let's make some plans for this weekend.

this / for / weekend / some / Let's / plans / make